The casting is now ready for the actual placement of por. Ine opaque layer should be applied as thinly as possible to still mask the metal. The prepared coping is painted with thin coating of distilled water or special liquid (Fig 24.251 A small amount of the appropriate opaque powder is mixed with distilled water or the specially formulated liquid. orm. colin Opaque porcelain is applied first to mask the metal to give the restoration its pasic shace, and to midate porcelain—metal bond. The coping is dried and fired under vacuum to the coNcitica MOnS The second application of opaque porcelain should mask the metal rig 24–/. The coping is gently vibrated to condense the porcelamn, and excess water is removed with a dry tissue. The powder and laud are mixed to a creamy consistency and applied to the coping with a brush in a vibrauna motion. It is intended to comp lately wo: the metal and penetrate the striations created by finishing. The second layer of opaque porcelain is fired using the same firing cycle. The opaque layer of porcelain should be approximately 0.3 mm thick. in a thin wash, which is applied with a class rod or brush . (Fig 24–26). No attempt should be made to thoroughly mask the metal with this intal application