

Businesses are the driving force of any successful economy. For instance, China, the fastest growing [1] economy in the world, spends significantly more on its infrastructure than anywhere else in the world. The law that protects these products is known as Intellectual Property (IP), which is recognised internationally

IP fosters an environment where creativity and innovation can flourish by enabling people to earn recognition and financial benefit from what they create. IP includes giving patents, copyrights and trademarks to physical or non-physical products. However, innovation requires an environment where certain essentials are in place. Use 12 Scientific research comes out on top towards achieving innovation

Scientific research is systematic work that studies a global or local phenomenon or problem and recommends solutions.[3] Small and medium sized enterprises (SME) can be as innovative as larger businesses. Governments can boost innovation in those SMEs to reach the production level required. Infrastructure chiefly refers to the provision of the fundamental services and facilities necessary for a society to function satisfactorily. The solutions that scientific research puts forward can be in the form of a product that a country can make into a commodity to export and generate revenue. For example, Airbus, which is the world's largest airliner, generated about 79 billion USD in revenue in 2019. For example, collaboration and benchmarking with larger businesses can help SMEs identify production gaps.30