

Floating architecture refers to structures that are designed to float on water, or are built on platforms that can rise and fall with water levels. Floating structures can also reduce land use, preserve coastal ecosystems, and be more resilient to flooding and sea-level rise. Sustainability Considerations Floating architecture has the potential to be highly sustainable, as it often incorporates renewable energy sources like solar panels, wind turbines, or tidal energy. This concept is often applied in locations where land is scarce, water levels fluctuate, or in response to the challenges posed by climate change, such as rising sea levels. Floating Homes and Residences Houseboats: One of the most common forms of floating architecture, these homes are designed to float on water and often have a sleek, modern aesthetic. These can be modular, allowing for customization and scalability. 2.3.4