Monitor Stations Track GPS satellites as they pass overhead Collect navigation signals, range/carrier measurements, and atmospheric data Feed observations to the master control station Utilize sophisticated GPS receivers Provide global coverage via 16 sites: 6 from the Air Force plus 10 from NGA I Master Control Station • Provides command and control of the GPS constellation • Uses global monitor station data to compute the precise locations of the satellites • Generates navigation messages for upload to the satellites • Monitors satellite broadcasts and system integrity to ensure constellation health and accuracy • Performs satellite maintenance and anomaly resolution, including repositioning satellites to maintain optimal constellation • Currently uses separate systems (AEP I & LADO I) to control operational and non-operational satellites • Backed up by a fully operational alternate master control station Ground Antennas • Send commands, navigation data uploads, and processor program loads to the satellites • Collect telemetry • Communicate via S-band and perform S-band ranging to provide anomaly resolution and early orbit support • Consist of 4 dedicated GPS ground antennas plus 7 Air Force Satellite Control Network (AFSCN) remote tracking stations