

ENGLISH Complaints, Complaints Lesson objectives 1. Only transitive verb (verbs that take an object) can be used as adjectives in the past participle form. A past participle adjective, is placed before a noun.

CONVERSATION Complaints, Complaints Conversation RETURNS Faded--> To lose color or brightness

Lesson objectives Use Objective pronoun's correctly practice Using Need-want-Like + infinitive Use Imperatives and Two word verbs Present perfect Tenses: 11 Form, Meaning and Function Present Perfect Simple Tense Use the present perfect Have he taken out the garbage Have they never? Hasn't they haven't Use: To talk about recently completed actions Example: She has cleaned the room. Form, Meaning & Function Complaints, Complaints Lesson objectives Use Objective pronoun's correctly practice = Using Need-want-Like + infinitive Need to be (done) Need to Be (Done) The windows need to be cleaned The car seats need to be fixed Someone needs to clean the windows) Someone needs to for the car seats) Form: Thing + need-needs + To be + V(P.P.3) Example: The Walls need to be repainted have got something (Done) Have/Get Something (Done) The car needs to have the roof to be repainted having getting the room decorated going to have get repaired had the toilet painted Structure: Have + object + participle Example: I Had my hair cut yesterday Have/ Get something (Done) Have Get Something (Done) the the roof needs to be repainted Use: causative verb when we want to talk about something that someone else did for us or for another person. Use past participles as adjectives correctly 3 Need to be (done) Need to be (done) Need to Be (Done) The windows need to be cleaned The car seats need to be fixed Form: Complaints, Complaints Conversation RETURNS Faded--> To lose color or brightness Loose-fitting clothing--> Clothing is quite large and does not fit tightly Flimsy--> Thin, light, not strong Trend--> Style Real Talk: Yes, please, if you could = Polite way to respond to an offer It sounds like it seems to be Unit 9 Complaints, Complaints Reading Lesson objectives VOLTE Use: causative verb when we want to talk about something that someone else did for us or for another person. 10 Writing Examples Return the product and get a refund Return the product and replace it with a new one Never go back to the store again Never buy the brand again Report the store and/or manufacturer to the consumers association as done his homework Subject (I-you-They plural)+ have + V(P.P.3) We have finished the lesson Form: Negative (-) Subject (she-He-It-singular) hasn't + V(P.P.3) He hasn't driven the car Subject (I-You-We-They plural)+ haven't V(P.P.3) I haven't studied English Form: Question (?) Has subject I she-He-It-singular) + V(P.P.3) Has he driven the car? She has just cooked the dinner Verb Gerund that the grand change