

Chapter 4: Literature Review Chapter 4 Outline Title No Introduction 4.1 AI's Role in Education 4.2. By balancing technological advancements with responsible implementation, AI can serve as a powerful tool to enhance both teaching and learning in diverse educational contexts. Several studies highlight how AI-powered tools assist teachers in developing innovative lesson plans, interactive activities, and personalized learning experiences:

- o Lesson Planning and Content Creation: o AI-driven platforms, such as Chat GPT, Canvas, and Edmodo, provide teachers with instant suggestions for lesson plans, quizzes, and multimedia resources, reducing preparation time while fostering creativity.

D)Future Trends and Implications 4.2 Enhancing Creative Skills 4.3 Challenges and Ethical Considerations 4.4 Teacher Training and Development 4.5 Previous Empirical studies 4.6 Gaps in existing research 4.7 Conclusion 4.8

4.1. Introduction The integration of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in education has gained significant attention in recent years, particularly in enhancing the creative skills of teachers across various educational stages.

- o AI's Role in Enhancing Teachers' Productivity o AI enhances teacher productivity by automating time-consuming administrative tasks and enabling data-driven decision-making:
- o Automated Grading and Feedback: AI-powered assessment tools, such as Grade scope and Turnitin, assist in evaluating student work efficiently, reducing the time spent on grading and enabling teachers to focus on lesson development.

Importance of Teacher Preparation AITwijri and Alghizzi (2024) highlight the necessity of preparing teachers to:

- o Effectively Use AI Tools: Teachers should be proficient in using AI-powered applications, such as adaptive learning platforms, automated assessment tools, and generative AI for content creation.

AI and Creative Teaching Strategies o AI fosters creative pedagogy by enabling innovative teaching methods:

- o Gamification and Interactive Learning: o Martinez & Chen (2020) examined AI-powered gamification tools (e.g., Kahoot, Duolingo, Quizlet) and found that 80% of teachers using them reported increased student engagement and participation.

Key Components of AI Teacher Training Programs To ensure successful AI integration, comprehensive training programs should include:

A. Technical Training Teachers should be familiar with:

- o AI-Based Educational Software: Training on platforms like ChatGPT, Google Bard, adaptive learning systems (e.g., Smart Sparrow, Knewton), and AI-powered grading tools.

Enabled by big data, the high-function dynamic questioning and adaptive feedback, together with absorbing or helping to craft effective teaching strategies as well as eliminating distractions, disengagement, or disinterest, all align, at least in theory, to push towards surpassing human teaching and socialization models and capabilities in everyday face-to-face seminars.

- o Resistance to Change: Some educators may be reluctant to adopt AI due to concerns about job displacement, lack of trust in technology, or discomfort with new digital tools

Context-Dependency of AI Systems o Celik et al. (2022) also highlight that AI systems are highly context-dependent, meaning their effectiveness varies based on different educational settings.

AI and Teachers' Efficiency o Studies show that AI streamlines educational processes, improving overall efficiency:

- o Administrative Automation: o Brown & Williams (2019) found that AI-powered school management systems (e.g., PowerSchool, Knewton) reduced administrative workload by 30%, allowing teachers to focus on instruction.

Challenges & Ethical Considerations o Despite the benefits, empirical studies also highlight challenges:

- o Bias & Reliability of AI Tools: o Kim & Park (2022) raised concerns about biases in AI grading systems, showing that some algorithms exhibited discrepancies in assessing students from

different backgrounds.

- o Personalized Learning and Student Support: Zhang et al. (2021) investigated AI-driven personalized learning platforms (e.g., Khan Academy, Coursera), reporting that AI-assisted adaptive learning improved students' engagement while reducing teachers' need for constant intervention.
- o Critically Assess AI Systems: Educators must develop critical thinking skills to evaluate AI-generated recommendations, detect biases in AI systems, and determine when AI-driven insights should be adjusted or overridden.

Contextual and Cultural Gaps in AI Research in Education

- o Most studies on AI in education come from Western contexts (e.g., the US, UK, and Europe), with limited research in developing countries or culturally diverse settings.

Technical Challenges: Limited Teacher Capacity [24]

- o Celik et al. (2022) discuss technical difficulties that hinder AI integration, including:
 - o Lack of Technical Expertise: Many teachers lack the training to effectively use AI-powered tools.
 - o Cultural and Linguistic Barriers: AI applications often struggle to accommodate diverse languages, dialects, and cultural nuances, leading to potential mismatches between the AI-generated recommendations and the actual needs of students.

B. Pedagogical Strategies for AI Integration

- o AI as a Creativity Enhancer: Teachers should explore how AI can assist in brainstorming, lesson planning, and creating personalized content that fosters student creativity.
- o AI-Generated Content & Adaptive Assessments: Wang et al. (2021) found that AI-driven content creation tools helped teachers develop customized educational materials, saving time and improving lesson quality.

Insufficient Studies on Teachers' AI Training & Adoption Barriers

- o While the Technology Acceptance Model (TAM) suggests that ease of use and perceived usefulness drive AI adoption, many studies fail to explore how training influences teachers' willingness to integrate AI tools.
- o Need for Professional Development: Successful AI adoption requires ongoing training programs to equip educators with the necessary knowledge to interpret AI-generated insights, integrate AI tools effectively, and troubleshoot issues.
- o Infrastructure Limitations: Many schools, particularly in rural or underprivileged areas, lack the necessary hardware, internet connectivity, or computational power to run AI-based educational solutions effectively.

AI's influence on teacher creativity
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