m Slavery : A Brief History Slave / Enslaved Person - someone who is the property of another person (master); they do not get paid for their work Slavery began in the West Indies (Carribbean islands) and North and South America in the 1500s. American Indians were first enslaved to work on farms and to mine for gold. However, many of them died due to harsh treatment and diseases (sickness) like smallpox Why did slavery begin? Slavery began in the earliest civilizations- Egypt, Mesopotamia, Persia, China, Indi Arabia, ancient Greece and ancient Rome. Enslaved people were used on farm and usually were captured as prisoners during war. Sometimes enslaved per could earn their freedom and become a free member of society. Typically, the children were free members of society. America) PROSIONER OF WAL For centuries Africans had enslaved other Africans captured in warfare and sold the captives to Arab slave traders. In the 1500s they began selling the enslaved persons to European countries like Portugal, Spain, Holland (Dutch) France and England. Between 1500-1800s, 12 milion Africans were forcibly sent to the New World (North, Central and South 95 % of the Africans were sent to the West Indies (Caribbean Islands) and South America to work on sugar plantations (large farms with crops). The other 5 % came to North America. Most of them went to work on tobacco, rice, or indigo plantations in the Southern colonies . America's Original Sin " Why did slavery spread? It made the slave owners rich. Setters in the New England and Middle Colonies had enslaved persons who worked as maids, nannies or carpenters. The Southern colonies were 6 times richer than those colonists living in New York or Pennsylvania due to the use of slave labor growing cash crops. How Did Slavery affect the U.S.? Enslaved persons labor helped to build the United States economy. Many enslaved people built the White House and railroads. The children of enslaved people also became slaves. This helped the plantation owners gain more wealth because they did not have to purchase new enslaved people every year, When slavery ended, unfortunately, racism (treating people badly because of their race) did not end After the Civil War (1860-1865) the newly freed slaves still faced discrimination (unfair treatment based upon their skin color). They were still victims of violence and not allowed to attend certain schools or live in some neighborhoods. America is still struggling with the . impacts of slavery on the African American communities