The ability to communicate effectively is crucial for all health professionals examination of the findings In line with earlier studies and assessments conducted on younger populations, the seven studies that were part of this brief review all affirmed that effective communication is a critical element of improved patient–centered outcomes [1–3]. Future research should focus on analyzing the effects of a valid, reliable, and generalizable model for communicating with older adults in various healthcare settings on patient–centered outcomes, such as patient satisfaction, quality of life, quality of care, and physical and mental health. More precisely, the established model may be used to develop communication therapies that can be used and assessed with older adults in a range of healthcare settings. Healthcare providers may employ a number of strategies to stop senior citizens from considering communication as Three of the records were unpeer–reviewed preprints, eight were secondary research (e.g., [30]), and eight were eliminated because they did not disclose their methodology. With the exception of [36], the other studies examined different nonverbal communication techniques with older adults and their effects on a range of patient–centered outcomes, such as health–related outcomes (like quitting smoking) and patient–reported outcomes (like self–esteem, life satisfaction, and patient satisfaction). ASReview was used as a result.