

Different primary sources offer varying perspectives on the early days of Islam, reflecting the biases and experiences of their authors. The differences in emphasis and interpretation reveal the multifaceted nature of this historical period, highlighting both the religious and secular dimensions of its development. Some sources, such as the Quran itself, present a divinely revealed perspective, emphasizing the Prophet Muhammad's role as a messenger of God and the importance of faith and submission to Allah. Conversely, other primary sources, such as accounts from early Muslim communities or those from outside the Muslim world, offer more worldly perspectives.