FRAMEWORK FOR EVIDENCE-BASEDOCCUPATIONAL THERAPY PRACTICE The process of evidence-based practice is essentially thesame for occupational therapy as for other health disciplines. Although not represented in the framework, evalu-ation of this process is undertaken to determine improve-ment in relevant outcomes and to identify factors that willmake the process more 1, drawingon concepts presented by Bennett and Glasziou (1997), Law et al. (1996), and Sackett, Richardson, Rosenberg & Haynes, (1997). Clinical reasoning is used to determine whether the evidence 'fits' with each featureof the client's context (person, occupation and environ-ment). This framework presents evidencebased practice as a process that follows a cycle stemming from clinical decisions that need to be made in all stages of theoccupational therapy treatment process. Clinical questions are identified that reflect the information needed to makeclinical decisions, and which take into account the specificclient or group of clients being treated, as well as the con-text in which treatment occurs. However, some differences in its application arisefrom the differing practice domains and theoretical mod-els used. A framework for the use of evidence-based prac-tice in occupational therapy is presented in Fig.As not all studies are wellperformed, a critical appraisal of the article for its validity and clinical usefulness is important. Clients, and whereappropriate families or carers, are actively engaged in thedecision making process to determine the action to betaken.