

Introduction –The Middle Ages in Great Britain, which spanned from the 5th to the late 15th centuries, was a period of great transformation and development. During these centuries, Britain saw the building of famous castles and cathedrals, the impact of events such as the Hundred Years' War and the Black Death, and the development of literature and culture, as embodied in works such as Geoffrey Chaucer's The Canterbury Tales. This era began with the fall of the Roman Empire and saw the rise of the Anglo-Saxon kingdoms, followed by the Norman Conquest in 1066, which introduced feudalism and reshaped the social structure. Agriculture: Agriculture was the backbone of the economy, with the use of new systems such as the iron plow and the cultivation of diverse crops. – Economic Developments: 1. – Political Developments: 1.2.3.2.3.2.3.