

Psycholinguistics is an interdisciplinary field that explores the relationship between language and the mind. **Pragmatics and Discourse** – How context influences the interpretation of meaning in language use, including implicature, speech acts, and conversational analysis. These topics collectively contribute to our understanding of how language is acquired, processed, and produced, as well as the cognitive and neurological mechanisms underlying these processes. **Bilingualism and Multilingualism** – The effects of knowing multiple languages on cognitive processes, including language switching, interference, and proficiency. **Experimental Methods in Psycholinguistics** – Techniques used to study language processing, including behavioral experiments, eye-tracking, and neuroimaging methods. **Language Processing** – **Sentence Processing**: How individuals understand and interpret sentences in real time, including parsing and syntactic analysis. **Neurolinguistics** – The study of the neurological bases of language processing, including brain structures involved in language and the effects of brain injuries on language abilities. – **Word Recognition**: The mechanisms behind recognizing and understanding words, including lexical access and the role of context. ### 2.### 3.### 4.### 5.### 6.### 7.### 8.### 9.### 10.### 11.